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FLYING SAUCER REVIEW

G. P. O., BOX 853, BROOKLYN 1, N. Y.

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POLICY

Theories of Aircraft, Balloons, Littlemen, Meteors, Mirages, Moonbeams, Radar Air Inversions, and similar impractical ideas will not be used, other than to remove such reports from authentic reports. Authentic reports will be studied on the factual basis that they are caused by the craft of one or more extra-terrestrial races (not from Earth.) Standards listed below.

Ottumwan Photographs Air Object

He carries a Polaroid camera in his car. While Robertson kept an eye on the object, Fisher got out his camera and opened it. In the meantime the object had made a "U" turn and was moving back north. He made the picture.

The Courier today is publishing a picture made by Harold Fisher of the Robertson Electric Co. of an unidentified aerial object seen over Ottumwa at 5:30 p. m. Wednesday.

The newspaper picture is an enlargement of approximately four and one-half times the original picture.

Fisher and Don Robertson had just locked up the rear door of the Robertson store on East Main street and had stepped into the alley when they saw the object come out of the north. "It was big and was traveling fast; I thought at first it was a Goodyear balloon," said Fisher.

Robertson, a pilot, estimated the object was between 6,000 and 10,000 feet high. Both thought it was "enormous" in size and of moving at a high rate of speed. They estimated it was in sight about three minutes. They said they called to a group of men near the S & A garage to look, but they didn't see it.

Fisher said he was surprised when he saw the picture he had taken because it didn't look like the object had when he was looking directly at it. He said it appeared silvery in color, and had different shapes as he watched. He said it made no audible noise, but left a dark trail.

"SAUCER" OVER OTTUMWA.

Harold Fisher made this picture of an object in the sky over Ottumwa Wednesday afternoon. For purposes of reproduction, the picture has been enlarged about four and a half times. In the sky it appeared enormous in size and was moving very fast, he said.

14 OTTUMWA DAILY COURIER FRI., AUG. 1, 1952.

The Review has no technical ability to judge any saucer photos reprinted, and reprint all such 'photos' without commentary, other than original clipping.

CONTENTS

- Section 1: Listing of all reports in chronological order, with comments.
- Section 2: Analysis of reports for possible behavior patterns.
- Section 3: Credit for all clippings sent in in occasional issues.
- Section 4: Special features of reproduced photos, sketches, clippings, also special reports of landings, alleged landing attempts.

PERFORMANCE STANDARDS OF CONVENTIONAL OBJECTS

- Aircraft:** All are T shaped, none circular: only a dozen flying wing types now flying: only helicopter can hover; very few available today.
- Balloons:** Moves very slowly to vision: cannot travel at great speed, only at local wind speed: cannot sharply maneuver: is not silvery:
- Meteors:** Duration 3-6 seconds rare, 15 seconds extremely rare: daytime reports extremely rare, almost unknown: has only 1 path: cannot maneuver
- Missiles:** Has fuel for few minutes only: all are tubular in shape: is not fired over civilian areas, control still too poor: cannot hover.

(No claim is made each report is absolutely authentic. It is impossible to judge an eyewitnesses integrity or critical ability from a small news clipping, printed several thousand miles away on an object. However, one can assume that most witnesses are ordinary people, not inclined to accept public criticism and disrespect for this usually sensational report, or are over-endowed with imagination to call a bird, cloud, or airplane something they do not resemble. Those who play hoaxes, are too imaginative, or try to attract attention, can usually be spotted by reporters from their own actions or local reputations. As a general rule, most newspaper reports are of objects seen, and most of them were unfamiliar enough to the observers to brave criticism. Only newspaper reports will be listed in the Review, but eyewitness reports will be welcomed for our files.)

- 1 MARCH 1, 1953. Daytime. COALTON, KENTUCKY. $38\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$, $82\frac{1}{4}^{\circ}$. One large, round silvery object circled in the sky reflecting the bright sun and glided down behind a hill. Source Ashland Daily Independent: Comment; The objects circling 'like a hawk', is strikingly similar to the way a flat disc-like object moves when not propelled, or like a feather will settle swaying to the earth after being dropped.
- 2 MARCH 1, 1953. COLD SPRING, KENTUCKY. $38\frac{3}{4}^{\circ}$, $84\frac{1}{4}^{\circ}$. Brilliant, soundless object caused reflection on the ground while in northwest flight. Comment The objects great brilliance casting a light on the earth appears to be a rarely mentioned ability of saucers, that some have surfaces so brilliantly polished, they can reflect like mirrors.
- 3 MARCH 1, 1953. Evening. CONNEAUT, OHIO. 42° , $80\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$. One saucer reported seen in the west by a GOC observer. Source: Conneaut News Herald, Ohio. This was the first of a number of reports in this area, and possibly was a balloon like several others.
- 4 MARCH 2, 1953. RUSSELLVILLE, KENTUCKY. $36\frac{3}{4}^{\circ}$, $86\frac{3}{4}^{\circ}$. A bright, round silver or tin-plate object seen in the sky moving toward Bowling Green, Kentucky. Source: Space Review #3. Comment: there is nothing special about this report, other than it was the third such in 3 days over Kentucky, which has had very slight activity in recent years.
- 5 MARCH 4, 1953. PRINEVILLE, OREGON. $44\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$, $120\frac{3}{4}^{\circ}$. Hoaxers showed passers pedestrians "saucers" hung in a window. Comment: Although many persons believe saucers are usually someones hoax, a report like this is an extreme rarity.
- 6 MARCH 5, 1953. Noon. CASTLE POINT, NEW JERSEY. $40\frac{3}{4}^{\circ}$, 74° . A flaming object dropped into the Hudson River. Source: NY Times. Comment: Police reported that a flare had been fired from the deck of an Egyptian passenger liner, accounting for the report, however to be seen at noontime, raises doubts whether a flare would be strong enough to be seen in the daytime.
- 7 MARCH 5, 1953. YUMA, ARIZONA. $32\frac{3}{4}^{\circ}$, $114\frac{3}{4}^{\circ}$. At least a dozen disk-shaped objects flew over the Air Defence Command gunnery from northeast at a high altitude and hovered before disappearing. Observed by more than 20 officers. Sources: Space Review #3: Oklahoma Times: Comment; Since no jets were reported by AF to be in area, and balloons would be recognized, this report seems quite authentic. Such large numbers of saucers are quite rare, and this appears to be the only unusual aspect of the entire report.
- 8 MARCH 6, 1953. ADELAIDE, AUSTRALIA. 35° , 138° . A saucer at terrific speed over the township of Quorn reported by two railway men. Source: Space Review #3. Comment: no details available for comment, other than listed above.
- 9 MARCH 7, 1953. 12:30 a.m. COLUMBUS, OHIO. 40° , 83° . Yellow orange object with rows of lights, blue and red jet-like spray around edge and at times spraying in tail-like form seen going west through a telescope. Source: Fate magazine: Comment: This report seems too detailed, and considering the number of reports the eyewitness claims to have made, far greater than any other person has made, I would consider this report very doubtful, or if true, greatly exaggerated.

- 10 MARCH 7, 1953. 2:00 a.m. COLUMBUS, OHIO. 40° , 83° . Two more saucers seen in west: one smaller than other; both having four small lights and one large at one end. Another saucer in northeast; great speed; for 20 minutes bobbed from one side to the other in dipping motion. Source: Fate magazine.
- 11 MARCH 8, 1953. 8:30 p.m. FT. LAUDERDALE, FLORIDA. $26\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$, 80° . One round flying object, all lit up and emanating soft light flew out of the south at a terrific speed having the appearance of a full moon and suddenly disappeared. Source: Fort Lauderdale News. Comment: Persons living at 2 nearby cities claimed the object seen was a large meteor, with a very large tail. If object really was seen 6 seconds as was claimed at Fort Lauderdale,
- 12 MARCH 8, 1953. 9:30 p.m. FT. LAUDERDALE, FLORIDA. $26\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$, 80° . A cigar-shaped object described as an orange flame with a bluish tail seen by a group of persons. Source: Fort Lauderdale News. Comment: This object's appearance within an hour tends to confirm saucer theory. Cigar shaped objects are much rarer than saucers.
- 13 MARCH 9, 1953. Morning. FORT FRANCES, ONTARIO. $48\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$, $93\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$. Sweeping yellow flash split the skies of the area but no noise reported. Source: Alberta newspaper. Comment: This object appears to have been a meteoric flash and explosion, however, the re-occurrence the next evening makes this a possibly doubtful classification.
- 14 MARCH 9, 1953. Evening. FORT FRANCES, ONTARIO. $48\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$, $93\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$. Residents were awakened by a heavy explosion preceded by a brilliant flash in the western sky. Source: Same newspaper.
- 15 MARCH 12, 1953. 1:30 p.m. BREMERTON, WASHINGTON. 47° , $122\frac{2}{3}^{\circ}$. A small round white object appearing at an elevation of 50 000 feet. Source: Bremerton Sun. Comment: There is no mention of length of time or whether object moved, and this probably was a balloon, since its height was judged during its period of flight.
- 16 MARCH 13, 1953. Morning. SALEM, OREGON. 45° , 123° . A brilliant object hovered in the sky after a jet plane had zoomed over, leaving a vapor trail. SOURCE: The Oregon Statesman. Comment: The object appeared to be slowly moving, and probably was a balloon.
- 17 MARCH 13, 1953. 6:00 p.m. YUCAIPA, CALIFORNIA. 34° , 117° . A streak of fire hundreds of feet long burned for five or six minutes before dying in a red ball of fire at one end a flash of light at the other. Seen in west and very high. SOURCE: California newspaper. COMMENT: The appearance of this 'flame' at sunset, tends to back belief that this was an airplane vapor trail seen at sunset, a very common occurrence as seen in past reviews. (ALL MATERIAL IN THIS REVIEW COPYRIGHT 1954 BY ELLIOTT ROCKMORE.)

- 18 March 18 1954. 2:30 A.M. SEOUL, KOREA 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^o, 127^o. A formation of soundless aircraft flying with the speed of 85 mph showed up on the radar scopes of the US, and Allied airplanes were sent up. Later, a flock of geese were identified in searchlight beams. Source; Rockland County Journal News. Comment: The slow speed of these objects and their identification as Geese seems correct, although 85 mph does appear to be a high speed for a bird.
- 19 MARCH 20 1953. Evening? BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA. 15 or 16 lights reported flying very low and blinking on and off. Source: Space Review #3. Comment: There are no other details to judge this report by, however the large number of lights seems to rule out a plane, leaving only an advertising balloon, a doubtful possibility.
- 20 MARCH 21 1953. 1:00 AM. BIRD ISLAND, MINN. 44 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^o, 95^o. An object appearing about 6" in diameter, shaped like a star, and bright like fire appeared to drop toward earth. Source: Minneapolis Tribune. Comment: The description is so fragmentary that it would appear to be a meteor.
- 21 MARCH 22 1953. Night. NEAR GRAND ISLAND, NEW YORK. 43^o, 79^o. A bright light accompanied an explosion in the middle of the Niagara River. Source: Montreal Star. Comment: This may have been a saucer flash, since meteoric flashes and explosions are quite rare.
- 22 MARCH 27 1953. 3:52 AM. STAMFORD, CONN. & GREENWICH, CONN. 41^o, 73 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^o. Two sharp earth tremors resembling a double explosion shook homes and other buildings awakening thousands of persons. SOURCE: NY Journal American. Comment: This appears to be an earthquake, however, since it was explosion-like, may have been mysterious like the March 22 report.
- 23 MARCH ?? 1953. Daytime. PALMDALE TO VICTORVILLE, CAL. 34 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^o, 118 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^o. to 34 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^o to 117 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^o. A white shining object, size of an airplane hangar, zipped along and then stopped and stayed stationary for 3 hours, while several planes tried to reach it. Photos taken. Source: Saucers magazine, California. Comment: If the observers estimates are right, its constant movement and stopping would rule out balloons, although saucer reports with 3 hour duration are very hard to believe.
- 24 APRIL 2 1953. 7:30-9:00 PM. COLUMBUS, OHIO. 40^o, 83^o. A Large, bright object in the southwest at times seemed to flare out into a horizontal bar of light, and became very red as it approached horizon. Source: Fate Magazine. Comment: This is again from a single witness, and one who claimed to have seen too many objects in a short period.
- 25 APRIL 2 1953. 10:30 PM. COLUMBUS, OHIO. 40^o, 83^o. A bright white object flashed red and green in the west. Thru a telescope, it was a black disc with pinwheels of light, at times sending a jet-like spray of yellow light and emitting blinding flashes. Source; FATE MAGAZINE.
- 26 APRIL 4 1953. 10:45 PM. HAMILTON, NEW ZEALAND. 37 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^o, 175^o. A big ball resembling the moon, and about the same size, yellow in the middle, and red at the rim, was sighted. Source: Space Review #3. Comment: There is no mention of performance, so no conclusions can be drawn on objects authenticity as a saucer.

SAUCER MAGAZINE (NEW ZEALAND)

The review unqualifiedly recommends this magazine as being an excellent source of flying saucer information. It is mimeographed, issued 4 times a year, and should have most of its back issues available. Send \$1.00 checks and international money orders to: H.H. FULTON, POB 1914, AUCKLAND, NEW ZEALAND. Do not make payment out to NEWZEALAND CIVILIAN SAUCER INVESTIGATION. Write via airmail, as seamail will take 4 to 6 weeks.

27. APRIL 5, 1953. FAIRFIELD, NEW ZEALAND. A light resembling a meteor or lighted lantern dropped to the horizon. SOURCE: Space Review #3. Comment: This report too fragmentary to judge whether it was a meteor or saucer.
28. APRIL 7, 1953. WELLSBOROUGH, PENN. $41\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$, $77\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$. Object watched by a mail carrier. SOURCE: Frank Edwards WOR radio show; Comment: Not enough detail to make a conclusion upon.
29. APRIL 7, 1953. GREENVILLE, MISS. $33\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$, 91° . One soundless disk-shaped object flying at low altitude watched by many persons. SOURCE: Frank Edwards WOR radio show. Comment: Lack of sound and disk shape would rule out aircraft and balloon theory.
30. APRIL 12, 1953. 10:00 - 10:20 p.m. Near SUDBURY, ONTARIO. $46\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$, 81° . A glowing cigar-shaped object hovered and changed color and shape while watched by 6 persons. First it was pinkish-red and of an irregular shape resembling a cigar, then changed to glowing white and decreased in size until resembling a dime, and finally returned to its first shape. SOURCE: Sudbury Star. Comment: Change of shape is rarely mentioned in saucer reports, and this would appear to have been a cigar-like object that was seen temporarily from a head-on view. Cigar objects are extremely rare and of more interest than saucer types.
31. APRIL 15, 1953. Evening. HAUPPAUGE, L.I. NEW YORK. $40\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$, $73\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$. Explosion, which lasted for minutes, shook ground and houses in a nine mile corridor from Hauppauge to West Islip. Source: Newsday newspaper. Comment: This is similar to the March 22 and 27 explosion reports. The description of the phenomena as an explosion, with a minute ground tremor apparently rules out earthquakes and jet planes, leaving either a meteor or saucer.
32. APRIL 16, 1953. ONGAONGA, NEW ZEALAND. Fine tread like substance fell from the sky and was found on telegraph wires, fences and lawns in widely separated parts of the district. Source: Space Review #3. Comment: This is a rare and very unusual type of report, and even more mysterious than saucer reports. See Keyholes latest book for reports at Gaillac, France.
33. APRIL 17, 1953. Evening? Off ANGLESEY, ENGLAND. $4\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$, $53\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$. 3 red flares observed, but nothing found. Source: DOUBT MAGAZINE II-41. Comment: This is too fragmentary a report to place, and may have been meteors or electrical or lightning phenomena.
34. APRIL 18, 1953. 10:15 p.m. COLUMBUS, OHIO. 40° , 83° . A large cylinder-shaped object with white flare-like light under flashes of red, blue and green took off at high rate of speed at medium height and disappeared to horizon on a straight course. Through telescope the object was seen as a black disc with lights around inside edge and vari-colored lights outside spurring flashes at times. Source: Fate Magazine.
35. APRIL 17?, 1953. Night? KOREAN WAR FRONT. Several luminous objects traveling at supersonic speeds of 800 mph were observed and tracked by radar. Source: New Haven Journal, Minneapolis Tribune. Comment: Speeds were too great for wartime aircraft, none of which ever appeared luminous.

- 36 APRIL 17 1953. 1:00 PM. KOREAN WAR FRONT. One white, rounded delta shaped object about 5 to 7 feet in diameter, crossed sky with a vibrating motion, at a speed of 60 to 70 mph, over Red territory. Observed by 4 aerial observers from 2 different planes. SOURCE: New Haven Journal; Minneapolis Tribune. Comment: this object was much too small to have been any sort of airplane, and only conventional objects it may have been would be small balloons which are not flat, or large bird, whose wings would have been easily observable.
- 37 APRIL 20 1953. Evening. WINCOBANK, ENGLAND: 53 1/2°, 1 1/2°. A circular object, leaving a long trail of flame, ending in black smoke which stopped whenever the craft stopped, was seen by 4 youths for 25 minutes. SOURCE: Sheffield Telegram. Comment: The drawing of this object, shows it was a rare saucer object with a transparent bubble top, seen occasional since 1947. One month after this report, a similar object was seen over McKay, Australia by an aviation pilot.
- 38 APRIL 21, 1953. 8:00 PM. LOWESTOFT, ENGLAND. 52 1/2°, 1 1/2°. An object resembling a plastic lighter-fuel capsule in color and shape, was first seen moving in a southwest direction, then turning northeast, disappearing after 30 minutes. Observed by 2 members of the Royal Observer Corps thru a 200 power astronomical telescope. Source: Eastern Evening News. Comment: The objects description, cylindrical and pointed on one end, tends to identify it as a weather balloon, particularly since its long visibility is almost unknown in saucer reports. There is a possibility it may have been a rocket-like object.
- 39 APRIL 29 1953. 12:30 PM. FARMINGDALE, LI, NEW YORK. 40 1/2°, 73 1/2°. Two explosion-like blasts shook houses and frightened residents, and was ascribed to a jet plane. Source: Newsday, NY Times. Comment: This is probably a jet plane report, and is included only because of similarity to other mysterious shocks in area.
- 40 APRIL 29 1953. Evening? Off LANDEND, ENGLAND. 50°, 5 3/4°. Flame appeared rising from the sea, but nothing was found. Source: DOUBT II-41. Comment: This is similar to the April 17 report, and is also too fragmentary to be classified as saucer, meteor, or electrical phenomena.
- 41 APRIL ?? 1953. MOON. Black dart-like objects appeared shooting from surface. SOURCE: Space Review #3. Comment: The date of the report may be 1952 due to incorrect printing. This is one of the few reports since the early 1900's of objects on the moon, according to the books of Charles Fort.

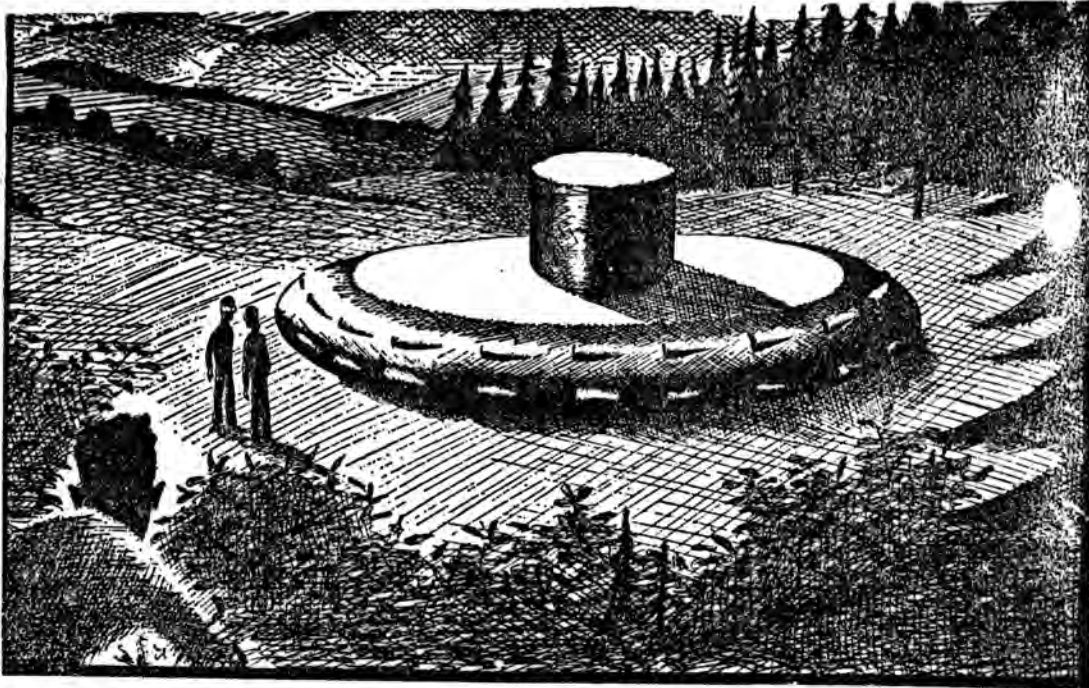
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 1 OTTUMWA DAILY COURIER 4 MIAMI DAILY NEWS
 2 NANA NEWS AGENCY 5 NEOSHO DEMOCRAT
 3 PATTERSON MORNING CALL

OVERALL SAUCER PATTERNS AND CONCLUSIONS (DAYTIME SHAPES)

SAUCERS	CONE-LIKE	SPHERICAL	CIGAR-LIKE	NO SHAPE GIVEN	BALLOONS?
1,2,4,7	36-38-41	17-20-26	12-24-30-	6-16-28-35	3-15-23
8, 10,			34		
11, 15-29-37					

#2 AMOUNT OF ACTIVITY PATTERN:

NORTHWEST	SOUTHWEST	MIDDLEWEST	NORTHEAST	SOUTHEAST
15-16	7-17-23	3-9-10-13-	6-21-28-30	1-2-4-11-12-19-29
		14-20-24-25-		
		34		



The Flying Saucer of Hasselbach, as Herr Oskar Linke First Espied It.

All drawings made under personal supervision of Herr Linke and Gabrielle.

BERLIN, July 20—Armed with a sensational affidavit sworn to by an eyewitness, intelligence officers in West Berlin are today investigating one of the most amazing Flying Saucer stories ever reported.

Evidence that a weird contraption—"like a 50-foot warming pan without a handle, and with a ten foot conning tower"—took off with a crew of two from a forest clearing in the Soviet Zone is being studied at the highest level. It is hoped to answer the big question: Are Flying Saucers a secret new Russian invention?

The man who first brought to light this remarkable story is grey-haired, 48-year-old ex-Mayor Oskar Linke, of Gleimershausen, near Meiningen. He had escaped from the Russian Zone with his wife and six children.

Men Clad in Metallic Suits

It can now be revealed that in the company of West German officials, Herr Linke, with his 12-year old stepdaughter Gabrielle, last week swore this solemn and formal affidavit before a judge:

"I was riding home on my motorcycle with Gabrielle on the pillion, when a tire burst near the village of Hasselbach.

"As we were pushing the machine towards Hasselbach, Gabrielle pointed to something about 150 yards away. At first sight, in the half-light, I took it for a young deer.

"I left my motorcycle by a tree while I approached the deer cautiously. I was now about 60 yards from it.

"I then realized that my first impression had been incorrect. The thing I had noticed was really two apparently human figures, now about 50 yards from me.

"They appeared to be clothed in a kind of shimmering, metallic substance, and were bending down and studying something on the ground.

I wormed my way to within about 30 feet of them. Peering over a small ridge, I noticed a large object, which I judged to be about 40 to 50 feet across, though it was hard to say exactly. It looked like a huge oval warming pan.

"There were two rows of holes along the sides, each about a foot in diameter. Each hole was roughly a foot and a half from the next.

"Out of the metallic object rose a black cylindrical conning tower, about ten feet high.

"I was now alarmed by a call from my daughter who had remained some distance back. The sound must have reached the two figures for they rushed back to the object, clambered rapidly up the side of the conning tower and disappeared inside.

GLOWING COLORS

"Previously I had noticed that one appeared to be carrying a lamp on his chest. The lamp flashed on and off at regular intervals

"The outer edge of the warming pan in which the holes were sunk now began to glow.

"The color at first seemed green, then changed to red. At the same time I heard a slight hum. As the glow and the sound increased the conning tower was retracting into the center of the warming pan, and the whole object rose slowly from the ground.

"From the swirling effect of the glowing exhaust I got the impression that the whole object was spinning like a top.

"It seemed to be resting on the cylindrical piece which had sunk through the bottom of the object and was now protruding from the bottom and standing on the ground.

"The warming pan, with its glowing outside ring of flame, was now some feet off the earth.

"Then I noticed that the whole object was rising slowly from the earth. The cylinder on which it had rested disappeared inside the center and reappeared again through the top.

"The rate of ascent now became much greater, and at the same time my daughter and I heard a whistling sound, rather like the noise made by a falling bomb, but not nearly so loud.

"The object rose in a horizontal position, swerved away towards a nearby village and disappeared, still gaining height over the hills and forests towards Stockheim."

Several other people in the area later told Herr Linke that they had seen something which they took for a comet. One, a shepherd, Georg Derbost who was about a mile-and-a-half away said he "thought a comet had bounced off the earth."

A sawmill watchman told Herr Linke he had seen what he thought was a "low flying comet" flash away from the hill where Herr Linke saw the object.

After appearing before the judge Herr Linke said, "I would almost have believed that my daughter and I had dreamed the whole episode were it not for one thing.

"When the thing had gone I went to the place where it had been standing. I found there a circular depression, evidently freshly made, where the earth had been driven down.

"This was exactly the shape of the conning tower; I realized then I had not been dreaming"

He continued, "I never heard the words "Flying Saucer" until I escaped to West Berlin from the Soviet Zone.

"When I saw the thing, first I thought it was a new Russian war machine.

"I was terrified, for the Soviets do not like one to know about their goings-on, and people are shut up for years in East Germany for knowing too much."

NEW YORK ENQUIRER, MONDAY, JULY 21, 1952

SPECIAL FEATURE - ALLEGED LANDING AT HASSELBACH, GERMANY JUNE ? 1952.

BACKGROUND: The August - September 1952 period was probably one of the most interesting times for saucer reports to date, due to an unprecedented number of saucers that appeared landing or about to land. The widely separated area these reports were made at, backs possibility they were genuine; however, preceding these reports was one that was supposedly made in East Germany in June that was greatly different from the remainder of them.

AUTHENTICITY: Although the report seems to carry the weight of 2 observers, the possibility is strong they may have made a misleading report under pressure from East Germany

DISSIMILARITIES TO OTHER REPORTS:

(1) This object does not resemble the great number of featureless saucers reported. The conning tower shape is unknown, with the exception of the farmer Trent photo of May 1950, which has a much wider and flatter shape.

(2) No other report yet made is in such great detail, and in many ways the story appears planned in detail. The conning towers rising into saucer, and then above it, the number of jet exhaust, and coloring of its exhaust as it ~~rose~~, and the exact size of the object.

(3) All reports of littlemen as mentioned in Review #8, are very doubtful, all present logic and data pointing to non-humans in saucers. This point works against the entire story more than any other feature, since all such men reports have to date come from very dubious sources, or have been proved false.

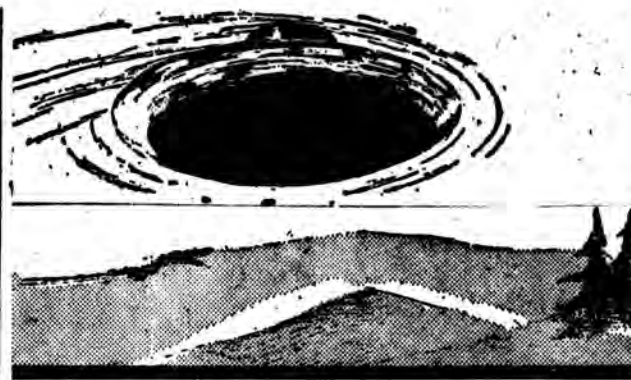
(4) This was the first of 3 different and misleading 'landing saucer' reports to come from Russian controlled territory, and tends to prove belief they were manufactured probably to continue present world tensions.

(5) If the other reports of attempted landings of dome shaped craft are correct, this flat object differs from them also. This objects lack of windows for visibility, and poor flight shape for wind drag also works against it.

CONCLUSIONS: This is probably the most doubtful of all landing reports for this period, and is probably propaganda material only.



Conning Tower Sinks As the Disc Spins



It Rises With a Low Whistling Sound

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